Research Methodology for Beginners



Assignments

Assignments

- 1. Collect some tittles of research papers/thesis from internet and classify them according to types of research, Discuss how the problems are delineated, how they are relevant to scientific method etc.
- 2. Identify researchable problems relevant to your context and knowledge disciplines and justify the significance of their study.
- 3. Development of a research proposal on an identified research problem
- 4. Preparation, try out and finalization of a tool
- 5. Identification of variables of a research study and their classification in terms of functions and level of measurement
- 6. Preparation of a sampling design given the objectives and research questions/hypotheses of a research study
- 7. Preparation of a review article
- 8. Use of computers in literature review /review of a dissertation
- 9. Review of research report
- 10. Visit to various libraries for reviews
- 11. Visit to other Research centers to study the previous researches
- 12. Preparation of questionnaire for micro-level educational survey.
- 13. Preparation of interview schedule for micro- level educational survey.



Evaluation:

•	MCQs
1.	is main part of experimental research
	(A) Data Analysis
	(B) Selection of variables
	(C) Review of Literature
	(D) Sampling
2.	Hypothesis is
	(A) Conclusion drawn from existing literature
	(B) Interpretation of data
	(C) Relation between variables
	(D) Comparison of assumptions
3.	Sampling in qualitative research is similar to sampling in quantitative research.
	(A) Purposive
	(B) Simple Random
	(C) Cluster
	(D) Stratified
4.	Assumptions are formulated on the basis of :
	(A) Sampling
	(B) Standardization

(C) Questionnaire

	(D) Observations
5.	Pre-testing of investigative tool is done in the case of:
	(E) Data Analysis
	(F) Questionnaire
	(G) Ethnography
	(H) Observations
6.	Aristotle's logical system is known as:
	(A) Inductive
	(B) Deductive
	(C) Deductive-Inductive
	(D) None
7.	Data obtained from an Opinionnaire is of category
	(A) Nominal
	(B) Ordinal
	(C) Interval
	(D) Ratio
8.	is non-probability method of sampling
	(A) Cluster
	(B) Stratified
	(B) Stratified (C) Simple Random

(A) Protocols		
(B) Beliefs		
(C) Assumptions		
(D) Physical World		
(A) Dot plot		
10. Identify different word :		
(A) Range		
(B) Mean		
(C) Standard Deviation		
(D) Average Deviation		
11. The application of scientific knowledge for practical purpose is		
(A) Research		
(B) Technology		
(C) Qualitative Analysis		
(D) Statistics		
12. Empirical Research is related to		
(A)Pure logic		
(B) Observation		
(C) Critical thinking		
(D) Theory		
13. Case study is type of research		
(A) Qualitative		
(B) Quantitative		
(C) Survey		
(D) None		

14 testing is used for directional hypothesis.	
(A) One tailed	
(B) Two tailed	
(C) Both A and B	
(D) None	
15. 'Data 'means	
(A) output of computers	
(B) Input of computer	
(C) Unprocessed facts and figures	
(D) All above	
16. Which statement is more accurate from the following	
(A) Artistic research is not research in true sense	
(B) Artistic research is more complex than scientific research	
(C) Artistic research is not valid because it is not objective	
(D) None	
17. Significance of hypothesis is tested on level in Social Sciences.	
(A)0.01	
(B) 0.05	
(C) 0.50	
(D)0.10	
18 is the main feature of a thesis.	
(A)Reliability	
(B) Originality	
(C) Stability	
(D)Dynamism	

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- 19. Hypothesis should be
 - (A) subjective
 - (B) Objective
 - (C) Testable
 - (D) All above
- 20. The design is selected in experimental research for
 - (A) Reliability
 - (B) Control of Variables
 - (C) Data Analysis structure
 - (D) None



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Wish you all the best!